

Early Years-2

			Early Yea	15-2		
Transdisciplinary Theme	Who we are	Where we are in place and time	How we express ourselves	How the works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet
Descriptor	Inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; person, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.		Inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.		Inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.	Inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and other living things; communities and the relationship within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
Unit Title	Families		Communication		Community Helpers	Animals
Duration	June- August		November- January		September- November	January-March
Central Idea	Families are unique and function to meet the needs of its members.		Communication through the expression of feelings, thoughts and ideas allows people to understand each other.		In a community, people rely on each other.	People's actions promote animal survival.
Key Concepts	FormResponsibilityConnection		ChangePerspectiveResponsibility		•Form •Connection •Responsibility	Connection Causation Responsibility
Related Concepts	RelationshipAdaptationDiversity		Communication Emotions		Co-operation Dependence	Characteristics Relationships Needs
Lines of inquiry	 Members of a family Responsibilities of different family members How families are the same and different 		Ways people communicate with their words and actions Communicating through play Our responsibility in communicating with others		People and their roles within a community Workplaces and how they are identified Our responsibility towards the community	The different roles animals play in people's lives Sustainability of animals Our responsibility for the wellbeing of animals

Subject Focus	Social studies	Social studies	Social studies	•Science •Social studies
Approaches to learning	Social skillsSelf-management skills	Communication skills Thinking skills	•Social skills	•Research skills
Learner Profile attributes	Open minded Balanced	• Communicators • Reflective	Open minded Caring Thinker	•Inquirer •Knowledgeable
Sustainable Development Goals	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING		11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	14 LIFE BELOW WATER 15 LIFE ON LAND

		R	eception			
Transdisciplinary Theme	Who we are	Where we are in place and time	How we express ourselves	How the world works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet
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Unit Title	Relationship	Lifestyle	Play	Materials		
Duration	April-July	August- October	July-March	January- March		
Central Idea	Relationships people have with others can have an impact on their well-being.	Living, learning and playing has changed over time	Through play we express our feelings and ideas and come to new understandings.	Materials have properties which determines how people use them		
Key Concepts	Function Causation Responsibility	FunctionConnectionResponsibility	Connection Function Perspective	• Form • Change • Connection		
Related Concepts	Behaviour Relationship Choices	Adaptation Technological advances	Imagination Creativity	Properties Classification Innovation		
Lines of inquiry	Roles within relationships Reasons to build healthy relationships Importance of relationships	Changes in lifestyle and learning over time Student's responsibility then and now Impact of technology	Communicating through play Imaginative use of materials Role of toys in play	Origin of materials Changing properties of materials Selecting materials for purpose		
Subject Focus	Social studies	Social studies Science	Social studies	• Science		
Approaches to learning	Social skills Communication skills Research skills	Social skills Self-management skill Research skills	Thinking skills Communication skills	Thinking skills Research skills		
Learner Profile attributes	Caring Principled Balanced	Open-minded Risk-takers Reflective	Communicators Reflective Thinkers	Knowledgeable Inquirers Open minded		

Sustainable Developmental Goals









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			Foundat	ion		
Transdisciplinary Theme	Who we are	Where we are in place and time	How we express ourselves	How the world works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet
Descriptor	Inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.		Inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.	Inquiry into the natural world and its laws, the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies, how humans use their understanding of scientific principles, the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.		Inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and other living things; communities and the relationship within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
Unit Title	Play		Festivals and celebrations	Light and shadow		Plants
Duration	April-March		August- October	January- March		November-January
Central Idea	Play helps us make meaningful connections and come to new understandings.		People recognize important events through festivals and celebrations.	Light interacts with living and non- living world and creates visible phenomenon.		Plants support life on earth and contribute to people's lives.
Key Concepts	FunctionConnectionPerspective		• Form • Function • Connection	•Form • Causation •Change		Form Function Connection Responsiblity
Related Concepts	Diversity Creativity		Beliefs Cultures Values	Interaction Prediction		•Interdependence •Systems •Classification
Lines of inquiry	 Different types of play Connections we make through play Developing new ideas during play 		Different types of festivals Ways of celebrating How people connect due to celebration	Lights and its sources Impact of light on living things Impact of light on non-living things Shadows and reflections		Plants and its types How people use plants How plants contribute to life on earth Our responsibility towards plants
Subject Focus	Social studies		Social studies	•Science		Science and Social studies
Approaches to learning	Self managments skills Social skills Research skills		Social skills Communication Skills Thinking skills	•Thinking skills •Research skills		Research Skills Thinking Skills
Learner Profile attributes	Principle Open minded Reflective		Communicators Balanced Thinkers	Knowledgeable Reflective		•Inquirers •Risk takers •Caring

Sustainable Developmental Goals











			Grade:1			
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Descriptor	Inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human	Inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationship between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global perspectives	Inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic	Inquiry into the natural world and its laws, the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment	Inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment	Inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and other living things; communities and the relationship within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
Unit Title	Balanced Lifestyle	Home Sweet Home	Visual Arts	Air	Product Analysis	Waste Management
Duration	April to July (1st Week)	July (2nd Week) to August (4th Week)	February 3rd Week to March 4th week)	January (1st week to February 2 nd Week)	November (2nd Week to December 3rd Week)	September (1st Week to October 3rd week)
Central Idea	The choices people make affect their health and wellbeing.	Populations live in different types of dwellings.	People express their passions, feelings, beliefs, ideas and values on local or global issues by informing others and taking action.	Understanding the properties of air can enable us to use it in a better way.	Many products go through different processes before being consumed.	The choices we make to discard our waste have an impact on our environment.
Key Concepts	CausationResponsibilityPerspective	•Form • Change •Connection	• Form • Connection • Perspective	•Form • Function •Causation	FunctionChangeResponsibility	•Form •Change •Perspective
Related Concepts	• Choice • Influence	Population Location	RelationshipRoleSequence	ForceEnergyMatter	• Source • Stages • Profession	ReuseRecycleConservation

	What it means to have a	Different types of	Different art forms	Composition and		Types of waste we
	balanced lifestyle	homes and shelters.		evidence of the existence	Sources of products	create
		•Effect of location on	How we can use various	of air	Production process	
	How the choices we make	the survival of living	art forms to express	What air can do and		Ways we can reduce
	affect our life	things	ourselves	how we use it	Impact of product choices	the amount of waste we
Lines of inquiry			How we can	Our role in reducing air	on people and the	create
	Different sources of		communicate through	pollution	environment	
	information that help us		various art forms			Interesting ideas to
	make choices	 Learning information 				reuse waste materials
		about our own dwelling				
		and materials used in				
		constructing it				
Subject Focus	• Science	Social studies	Social studies	Science	Social studies	Science
Subject Focus	Social studies	Science	Visual Arts	Social studies		Social studies
Approaches to	Self-management skills	Research skills	Self-management skills	Social skills	Research skills	Social skills
learning	Thinking skills	Thinking skills	Research skills	Communication skills	Thinking skills	Self-management skills
Learner Profile	Balanced	Balanced	Thinkers	Caring	Knowledgeable	Reflective
attributes	Principled	Open minded	Inquirers	Reflective	Communicators	Risk takers
attributes	Inquirers					Balanced
Sustainable	3 GOOD HEALTH 4 QUALITY EDUCATION	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	14 BELOW WATER	15 LIFE 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION 13 CLIMATE ACTION	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	2 NO GLEAN WATER AND SANITATION
Developmental Goals	4. A	⊞⊿	1 NU POVERTY			
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			16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG	5 GENDER FOULLITY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	T AFFORDABLE AND
			10 REDUCED INSTITUTIONS	O EQUALITY	ECONOMIC GROWTH	7 AFFORDABLE AND 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION
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			Grade:	2		
Transdisciplinary Theme	Who we are	Where we are in place and time	How we express ourselves	How the world works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet
Descriptor	Inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human	the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind;	Inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic	Inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.	Inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.	Inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.
Unit Title	Our Identities	Places we live	Performing Arts	Weather	Technological inventions	Planet Earth
Duration	January 4th week to 2nd week March	3rd week of August to 4th week of September	1st week of Oct to 4th week of November	June 4th week to 2nd week of August	Dec 1st week-January 3rd Week	April1st week to June 3rd week
Central Idea	People's actions are a reflection of their beliefs.	People's lives are influenced by the time and place they live in.	Performing arts offer opportunities for creativity, expression and enjoyment in different cultures.	Changes in the weather impact daily life.	Technological inventions impact our lifestyle.	Our survival depends on a healthy Ecosytem
Key Concepts	PerspectiveCausationResponsibility	•Form • Change • Causation	• Form Function • Connection	•Change •Causation. • Perspective	FunctionConnectionPerspective	• Form • Causation • Responsibility
Related Concepts	• Identity • Values • Culture	Similarities Differences Diversity	Perceptions Self-expression	Seasons Climate Adaptation	Innovation Systems Problem solving	Habitat Interdependence Global warming Conservation
Lines of inquiry	Where we belong to (identity). Our beliefs, customs and traditions International mindedness	Unique features of where we live Lifestyles in different places (urban/rural) Ways in which various countries have changed over time.	Common features of performances Ways to create a performance to express a theme or idea How different cultures communicate ideas through performing arts	Weather conditions Methods of predicting weather Effects of weather changes on daily life	 Types of technological inventions and uses Technological inventions as a helping aid to solve problems Technological inventions and their impact 	Components of a healthy ecosystem Ways in which ecosystems are affected Our responsibility towards our Planet
Subject Focus	Social studies	Social studies	Social studies Language	Science Social studies	• Social studies • Science	• Science • Social studies
Approaches to learning	Social skills Communication skills	Thinking skills Research skills	Communication skills Social skills	Research skills Self-management skills	Thinking skills Communication skills	Self-management skills Social skills

Learner Profile attributes	Thinkers Caring Balanced	• Inquirers • Thinkers	CommunicatorsOpen -mindedReflective	• Inquirers • Reflective	1	Caring Risk takers Principled
Sustainable Development Goals	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	-	13 CLIMATE ACTION	9 INDUSTRY ANOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	15 LIFE ON LAND

			Grade:	3		
Transdisciplinary Theme	Who we are	Where we are in place and time	How we express ourselves	How the world works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet
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Unit Title	Body Systems	Exploration and Discoveries	Artists	Materials	Organizations	Sustainability
Duration	1st week of April to 1st week of July	2nd week of July to 2nd week of August	3rd week of August- March	1st week of October to end of November	3rd week of February to March	1st week of December to 2nd week of February
Central Idea	Lifestyle choices influence how well our body systems function.	Exploration leads to discovery and develops new understandings.	People express their passion, feelings, beliefs, ideas and values on local or gobal issues by informing others through action.	Natural materials can undergo changes that may provide challenges and benefits for society and the environment.	People create organizations to solve problems and support human endeavors and enterprise.	Consumption of finite resources impacts the sustainability of our earth.
Key Concepts	• Form • Connection • Responsibility	• Form • Causation • Perspective	• Form • Perspective • Function	FunctionChangeResponsibility	FunctionCausationPerspectiveResponsibility	FormCausationResponsibility
Related Concepts	Well being Choice Interdependence	ExplorationDiscoveryInventions	ExpressionsTransformationPattern	Transformation Industrialization	Work Collaboration Entrepreneurship Services	• Sustainability Resources Conservation • Action

	The systems in our bodyHow the parts of a system	•Explorations over a period of time	Different forms of artistic expressions	Conditions that cause reversible and irreversible changes in materials.	Purpose and reasons for people to join organizations Strategies for problem	Finite and infinite resources How we use finite and infinite
Lines of inquiry	work together • Choices that impact healthy bodies	Feelings and attitudes associated with exploration. What we learn through exploration	•Our responses to the expressions •The creative process	 changes in materials How societies take advantage of the properties of materials The impact of retrieval, production and the use of materials on the environment 	Strategies for problem solving within an organization What makes an organization successful	The sustainability of finite resources
Subject Focus	• Science • Social Studies	• Science • Social studies	Social Studies	• Science • Social studies	Social Studies	• Science
Approaches to learning	Research skillsThinking skills	• Research skills • Communication skills	Research skillsSocial skills	Research skillsSelf-management skills	Self-management skillsSocial skills	Social skills Communication skills
Learner Profile attributes	BalancedCaringKnowledgeable	• Inquirers • Reflective	Communicators Open minded	Knowledgeable Thinkers Balanced	Risk takers Principled	 Open minded Caring Communicators
Sustainable Developmental Goals SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	16 PEACE JUSTICE AND STRONG SETUDION STRONG SETUDION SETU	17 PARTNERSHIPS TO GENDER TOWARTY 10 SEQUALITY 10 NEQUALITY	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLIMATE ACTION	9 NOISTRY ENOVATION AND RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND REPORT OF THE CONSUMPTION AND RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND RESP	11 SUSTANABLE CHIES AND COMMUNITIES 1 POVERTY THE

			Grade:4			
Transdisciplinary Theme	Who we are	Where we are in place and time	How we express ourselves	How the world works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet
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Unit Title	Brainwaves	Civilizations	Media	Energy	Government systems	Biodiversity
Duration	February (1st week) - March (4th week) - 8 weeks	December (1st week) - January (4th week) - 7 weeks	3rd week of July- March	October (1st week) - November - (4th week) - 6	April (2nd week) - June (4th week) - 7 weeks	July (1st week) - August (3rd week) - 7 weeks
Central Idea	Advances in neuroscience have enabled us to understand who we are as learners.	Evidences of past civilization can be used to make connections to the present day societies.	People express their passion, feelings, beliefs, ideas and values on local or global issues by informing others through action.	Energy may be transformed, converted and used to support human progress.	Government systems influence the lives of citizens.	Biodiversity relies on maintaining the interdependent balance of organisms within systems.
Key Concepts	ConnectionPerspectiveFunction	• Form • Change • Connection	• Form • Function • Perspective	• Form • Change • Causation	FunctionCausationResponsibility	ConnectionCausationResponsibility
		Continuity	Communication	Conservation	• Equality	Balance

	The connection between the brain and our learning	• Characteristics of civilizations and societies	Different kinds of media	Forms of energy	Government systems and their impact on	Interdependence within ecosystems, biomes and
Lines of inquiry				Storage and	citizens	environments
	Our capacity to keep on	Changes from past to present	Elements of	transformation of energy		
	learning	l <u></u>	communication through		How decision making	Causes of interconnection
		Process involved in collecting,	media	Renewable and sustainable	1	between organisms
	Technology as a tool to understand how brain works	analyzing and validating evidences	Influence of media on	energy and its impact on the	rights	How human interaction with
	understand now brain works	evidences	people's opinions and	earth	The rights and	the environment influences
			ideas		responsibilities of	the balance of systems
	Social studies	Social studies	Social studies	• Science	Social studies	• Science
Subject Focus	• Science	• Science	Science	Social Studies		Social studies
Approaches to	Self-management skills	Thinking skills	Social skills	Research skills	Social skills	Thinking skills
learning	Communication skills	Social skills	Self-management skills	Self-management skills	Communication skills	Research skills
	Open-minded	Principled	Communicators	Principled	Knowledgeable	Caring
Learner Profile	Communicators	Inquirers	Risk takers	Risk-takers	Open minded	Knowledgeable
attributes	Reflective	Thinkers	Balanced	Reflective	Balanced	Thinkers
Sustainable	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES 7 AFFORDABLE AND COMMUNITIES 7 CLEAN ENERGY	4 QUALITY 5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION 7 AFFORMABLE AND TO REDUCED THE SANITATION TO SEAR ENERGY 10 INEQUALITIES
Developmental	4.	AND INFRASTRUCTURE	FUR THE GUALS	AND COMMUNITIES / CLEAN ENERGY		
Goals	-W					12 RESPONSIBLE 13 CLIMATE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION AND PRODUCTIO
					4 NO	AND PRODUCTION 1 PEACE, JUSTICE
				12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	1 NO POVERTY	
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Grade:5							
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Unit Title	Changes in adolescence	Topography	PYP Next Exhibition	Science around the world	Internet for humankind	Poverty	
Duration	August(3rdweek)- September (4th week)- 6 weeks	April- June (4th week) - 7 weeks	,, , , , , ,	December 1st week)- January (3rd week)- 6 weeks	July (1st week)- August (2nd week)- 6 weeks	October (1st week)- November (4th week)- 6 weeks	
Central Idea	We all experience and react to change as we grow up.	Topography affects people's lifestyles and culture.	People express their passions, feelings, beliefs, ideas and values on local or global issues by informing others and taking action.	People apply their understanding of science to solve problems and meet needs.	Internet has changed the way in which people access information and connect with each other.	Poverty impedes the potential of human performance.	
Key Concepts	ChangeConnectionCausation	• Form • Causation • Perspective	 Form Function Connection Causation Change Perspective Responsibility 	• Form • Function • Responsibility	Function Change Responsibility	Connection Function Responsibility	
Related Concepts	 Pattern Adolescence Transition Transformation Self-concept Mindfulness Agency 	Geography Landscape Culture Interconnection	Passions Identity	Chemical and physical changes Food Science Matter Fibre to Fabric Magnetism Motion and Measurement of Distances	Network Access Platform Ethics	Zero hunger Good health Well being quality education clean water and sanitation	
Lines of inquiry	The physical, emotional and intellectual changes that occur during adolescence Factors that contribute to wellbeing throughout adolescence How relationships contribute to our self - concept	Topography of continents How India's topography affects culture, food, dance, religion and art. The interconnectedness between cultures	Local and global issues The '100 languages' in which we can express our learning Taking meaningful action Staging of exhibition	Science-around the world The application of science to solve problems and meet needs The impact of scientific advancement	How the internet works The ways that the internet has changed how humans connect Being safe and responsible online	Poverty and human rights Peace, Justice and strong institutions Sustainable cities and communities	

Subject Focus	Social studiesSciencePSPE	• Social studies • Science	All subjects	• Science	• Science • Social Studies	Social studiesScience
Approaches to learning	Social skills Self-management skills	Research skills Thinking Skills	Research skills Thinking skills Communication skills Self-management skills Social skills	Research skills Thinking skills Communication skills	Social skills Self-management skills	Thinking skills Social skills
Learner Profile attributes	Open minded Risk takers Reflective	Knowledgeable Communicators Caring	Open minded Risk takers Reflective Inquirers Knowledgeable Thinkers Caring Communicators Principled Balanced	Inquirers Knowledgeable Thinkers	Principled Reflective Inquirers	Thinkers Caring Open-minded
Sustainable Development Goals	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	15 UFE ON LAND	17 PATINESSIPS WHEN THE GOALS	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	9 MOUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFASTRUCTURE	8 DECENTION AND CONOMIC COOKING COOKIN